IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

- 1. (Canceled)
- 2. (Currently amended) The solid-state imaging device of Claim [[1]] 28, wherein each of the two N4 multilayer films upper N4 multilayer film and the lower N4 multilayer film includes:

a first dielectric layer made of a material having a different refractive index from a material forming the insulation layer; and

a second dielectric layer made of a material having a substantially same refractive index as the material forming the insulation layer, and wherein

the first dielectric layer is formed so as to be in contact with a main surface of the insulation layer, and the second dielectric layer is formed so as to be in contact with a main surface of the first dielectric layer which faces away from the insulation layer.

- 3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Currently amended) The A solid-state imaging device of Claim 1, wherein including a filter unit that selectively transmits incoming light, the filter unit comprising:

two λ 4 multilayer films; and

an insulation layer sandwiched between the two λ 4 multilayer films, wherein each of the λ 4 multilayer films includes a plurality of dielectric layers, an optical thickness of the insulation layer is different from λ 4,

the insulation layer has therein a through hole or groove extending substantially vertical to the main surface of the insulation layer, the through hole or groove being filled with a material same as the material forming the a first dielectric layer of the plurality of dielectric layers, and

the filter unit transmits a wavelength determined according to a ratio between an area of the through hole or groove, and an area of the insulation layer excluding the through hole or groove, when the insulation layer is seen two-dimensionally in plane.

5. (Currently amended) The A solid-state imaging device of Claim 1, further including: a filter unit that selectively transmits incoming light, the filter unit comprising:

two V4 multilayer films; and

an insulation layer sandwiched between the two λ 4 multilayer films, wherein each of the λ 4 multilayer films includes a plurality of dielectric layers, an optical thickness of the insulation layer is different from λ 4, and

a plurality of light-receiving units provided in a semiconductor substrate twodimensionally,

wherein a portion of the insulation layer corresponding to each of the plurality of light-receiving units has an inwardly inclined lateral surface.

6. (Currently amended) The A solid-state imaging device of Claim 1, further including: a filter unit that selectively transmits incoming light, the filter unit comprising:

two V4 multilayer films; and

an insulation layer sandwiched between the two λ 4 multilayer films, wherein each of the λ 4 multilayer films includes a plurality of dielectric layers, an optical thickness of the insulation layer is different from λ 4, and

a plurality of light-receiving units provided in a semiconductor substrate twodimensionally,

wherein the optical thickness of the insulation layer continuously changes, so that each of the plurality of light-receiving units receives a particular wavelength of light.

7. (Currently amended) The A solid-state imaging device of Claim 1, further including: a filter unit that selectively transmits incoming light, the filter unit comprising:

two λ 4 multilayer films; and

an insulation layer sandwiched between the two λ 4 multilayer films, wherein each of the λ 4 multilayer films includes a plurality of dielectric layers, an optical thickness of the insulation layer is different from λ 4, and

a plurality of light-receiving units provided in a semiconductor substrate twodimensionally,

wherein a thickness of a portion of the insulation layer through which light is transmitted to reach each of the plurality of light-receiving units changes in two or more levels.

- 8. (Currently amended) The solid-state imaging device of Claim [[1]] $\underline{28}$, wherein an absorbing member is provided on a main surface of one of the λ 4 multilayer films which faces away from the insulation layer, the main surface partly reflecting the incoming light.
- 9. (Original) The solid-state imaging device of Claim 8, wherein the absorbing member is a color filter containing pigments or dyes.
- 10. (Currently amended) A camera including a solid-state imaging device that has a filter unit that selectively transmits incoming light, the filter unit comprising two V4 multilayer films, and an insulation layer sandwiched between the V4 multilayer films,

each of the V4 multilayer films including a plurality of dielectric layers, and an optical thickness of the insulation layer being different form V4 comprising:

a first filter unit having a first bandpass wavelength,

the first filter unit including a first upper N4 multilayer film, a first lower N4 multilayer film and a first insulation film sandwiched between the first upper N4 multilayer film and the first lower N4 multilayer film.

a second filter unit having a second bandpass wavelength different from the first bandpass wavelength,

the second filter unit including a second upper N4 multilayer film, a second lower N4 multilayer film and a second insulation film sandwiched between the second upper N4 multilayer film and the second lower N4 multilayer film,

wherein the optical thickness of the first insulation layer is different from the optical thickness of the second insulation layer, and

the upper N4 multilayer film and the lower N4 multilayer film of a first filter unit and the second filter unit have substantially the same center wavelength.

11. (Currently Amended) A manufacturing method of a solid-state imaging device including a filter unit that selectively transmits incoming light, the filter unit being formed by conducting steps comprising:

a first formation step of forming a first N4 multilayer film on a semiconductor substrate, the first N4 multilayer film being constituted by a plurality of dielectric layers;

a second formation step of forming a first insulation layer on the first N4 multilayer film;

a first removal step of removing the first insulation layer except for a first region;

a third formation step of forming a second insulation layer on the first λ 4 multilayer film and the first region of the first insulation layer, the second insulation layer having an optical thickness different than the optical thickness of the first insulation layer;

' a second removal step of removing a second region of the second insulation layer, the second region being positioned on the first λ 4 multilayer film; and

a fourth formation step of forming a second N4 multilayer film on the second insulation layer and the first N4 multilayer film, the second N4 multilayer film being constituted by a plurality of dielectric layers.

12. (Currently Amended) A manufacturing method of a solid-state imaging device including a filter unit that selectively transmits incoming light, the filter unit being formed by conducting steps comprising:

a first formation step of forming a first N4 multilayer film on a semiconductor substrate, the first N4 multilayer film being constituted by a plurality of dielectric layers;

a second formation step of forming a first insulation layer on a first region of the first λ 4 multilayer film by using a liftoff method;

a third formation step of forming a second insulation layer <u>having an optical thickness</u> that is different than the optical thickness of the first insulation layer on a second region of the first $\lambda/4$ multilayer film by using the liftoff method, the second region being different from the first region; and

a fourth formation step of forming a second W4 multilayer film on the first insulation layer, the second insulation layer, and the first W4 multilayer film, the second W4 multilayer film being constituted by a plurality of dielectric layers.

13. (Currently Amended) A manufacturing method of a solid-state imaging device including a filter unit that selectively transmits incoming light, the filter unit being formed by conducting steps comprising:

a first formation step of forming a first λ 4 multilayer film on a semiconductor substrate, the first λ 4 multilayer film being constituted by a plurality of dielectric layers;

a second formation step of forming a first insulation layer on the first N4 multilayer film;

a first removal step of removing the first insulation layer except for a first region;

a third formation step of forming a second insulation layer <u>having an optical thickness</u> that is different from the optical thickness of the first insulation layer on a second region in the first region of the first insulation layer, and on a region of the first N4 multilayer film where the first insulation layer is not formed, by using a liftoff method; and

a fourth formation step of forming a second N4 multilayer film on the first insulation layer and the second insulation layer, the second N4 multilayer film being constituted by a plurality of dielectric layers.

14. (Currently Amended)) A manufacturing of method of a solid-state imaging device including a filter unit that selectively transmits incoming light, the filter unit being formed by conducting steps comprising:

a first formation step of forming a first V4 multilayer film on a semiconductor substrate, the first V4 multilayer film being constituted by a plurality of dielectric layers;

a second formation step of forming a first insulation layer on the first N4 multilayer film;

a first removal step of removing a first region of the first insulation layer;

a third formation step of forming a second insulation layer on the first N4 multilayer film and the first insulation layer, the second insulation layer being made of a different material from the first insulation layer and having a different optical thickness;

a second removal step of removing a second region of the second insulation layer, the second region being positioned on the first insulation layer; and

a fourth formation step of forming a second W4 multilayer film on the first insulation layer and second insulation layer, the second W4 multilayer film comprising a plurality of dielectric layers.

15. (Original) A manufacturing method of a solid-state imaging device including a plurality of light-receiving units provided in a semiconductor substrate two-dimensionally, and a filter unit that selectively transmits incoming light, the filter unit including two $\lambda/4$ multilayer films, and an insulation layer sandwiched between the $\lambda/4$ multilayer films, each of the $\lambda/4$ multilayer films being constituted by a plurality of dielectric layers, the manufacturing method comprising:

a formation step of forming a resist in a middle of a portion of the insulation layer corresponding to each of the plurality of light-receiving units; and

a processing step of processing the portion of the insulation layer by etching, so as to have an including lateral surface.

- 16. (Original) The manufacturing method of Claim 15, wherein in the formation step, the resist is formed so as to have an inclined lateral surface.
- 17. (Original) The manufacturing method of Claim 16, wherein in the formation step, the resist is formed so as to have an inclined lateral surface, by varying an amount of exposure to light.
- 18. (Currently amended) The solid-state imaging device of Claim [[1]] 28, further including:

a plurality of light-receiving units provided in a semiconductor substrate twodimensionally,

wherein a wavelength of light received by each of the plurality of light-receiving units is determined based on whether the insulation layer has a portion in correspondence with the light-receiving unit, and, if the insulation layer has the portion, a thickness and/or a material of the portion of the insulation layer.

19. (Currently amended) The solid-state imaging device of Claim [[1]] 28, further including wherein:

a plurality of light-receiving units provided in a semiconductor substrate twodimensionally,

wherein a portion of the filter unit corresponding to each of the plurality of lightreceiving units transmits a particular wavelength of light, and

the two N4 multilayer films upper N4 multilayer film and the lower N4 multilayer film are symmetrically structured with respect to the <u>first</u> insulation layer <u>or the second insulation</u> <u>layer</u>.

20. (Currently amended) A <u>The</u> solid-state imaging device <u>of Claim 18</u>, wherein the $\lambda/4$ <u>multilayer film includes:</u>

including a filter unit that selectively transmits incoming light, and

a light-receiving unit that receives the light transmitted by the filter unit,

the filter unit comprising a N4 multilayer film constituted by a plurality of dielectric layers, and

among the plurality of dielectric layers constituting the N4 multilayer film,

- a dielectric layer that is positioned most distant from the light-receiving unit being made of a low refraction index material.
 - 21. (Currently amended) A The solid-state imaging device of Claim 28, further including:

including a filter unit that selectively transmits incoming light,

the filter unit comprising a N4 multilayer film constituted by a plurality of dielectric layers, and

a protective layer being provided on one of main surfaces of the upper λ 4 multilayer film, or within the λ 4 multilayer film.

- 22. (Original) The solid-state imaging device of Claim 21, wherein the protective layer is made of silicon nitride.
- 23. (Currently amended) The solid state-imaging device of Claim [[1]] 18, further including:

a plurality of light-receiving units provided in a semiconductor substrate twodimensionally; and

a light-collecting unit collecting the incoming light, wherein

a portion of the filter unit corresponding to each of the plurality of light-receiving units transmits a particular wavelength, and

a main surface of the filter unit which faces away from the plurality of light-receiving units is flat.

24. (Currently amended) A <u>The</u> solid-state imaging device comprising of Claim 18, wherein

a plurality of light -receiving unit provided in a semiconductor substrate two dimensionally; and

a filter unit that selectively transmits incoming light, wherein the filter unit has a W4 multilayer film constituted by a plurality of dielectric layers and

a distance between (i) the plurality of light-receiving unit and (ii) a high refraction index layer which is positioned closest to the plurality of light-receiving units, among two or more high refraction index layers in the λ 4 multilayer film, falls within a range of 1 nm and λ .

25. (Original) A solid-state imaging device including a plurality of unit pixels arranged two-dimensionally,

each of the plurality of unit pixels comprising:

a light-receiving unit detecting an intensity of light; and

a filter unit having a N4 multilayer film constituted by a plurality of dielectric layers, the filter unit transmitting one of red light, green light, and blue light, wherein

the plurality of unit pixels are arranged in Bayer array, in such a manner that every four adjacent unit pixels making a square has two unit pixels that include filter units transmitting blue light.

26 – 27. (Canceled)

28. (New) A solid-state imaging device comprising:

a first filter unit having a first bandpass wavelength,

the first filter unit including a first upper λ 4 multilayer film, a first lower λ 4 multilayer film and a first insulation film sandwiched between the first upper λ 4 multilayer film and the first lower λ 4 multilayer film,

a second filter unit having a second bandpass wavelength different from the first bandpass wavelength,

the second filter unit including a second upper N4 multilayer film, a second lower N4 multilayer film and a second insulation film sandwiched between the second upper N4 multilayer film and the second lower N4 multilayer film,

wherein the optical thickness of the first insulation layer is different from the one of the second insulation layer, and

the upper λ 4 multilayer film and the lower λ 4 multilayer film of a first filter unit and the second filter unit have substantially the same center wavelength.